In this issue

Social intelligence: from brain to culture

Papers of a Discussion Meeting Issue organized and edited by Nathan J. Emery, Nicola S. Clayton and Chris D. Frith

Introduction. Social intelligence: from brain to culture

Social brains, simple minds: does social complexity really require cognitive complexity?

Culture in great apes: using intricate complexity in feeding skills to trace the evolutionary origin of human technical prowess

The evolution of animal ‘cultures’ and social intelligence

Getting back to the rough ground: deception and ‘social living’

Cooperation and human cognition: the Vygotskian intelligence hypothesis

Understanding primate brain evolution

Before and below ‘theory of mind’: embodied simulation and the neural correlates of social cognition

The social brain?

Socially intelligent robots: dimensions of human–robot interaction

Did farming arise from a misapplication of social intelligence?

Social intelligence, human intelligence and niche construction

On the lack of evidence that non-human animals possess anything remotely resembling a ‘theory of mind’

The society of selves

Found in 1660, the Royal Society is the independent scientific academy of the UK, dedicated to promoting excellence in science

Registered Charity No 207043

Published in Great Britain by the Royal Society, 6–9 Carlton House Terrace, London SW1Y 5AG

FirstCite® e-publishing

www.journals.royalsoc.ac.uk

ISSN 0962-8436

volume 362

number 1480

pages 483–754

29 April 2007